

# **Discrete Conformal** Equivalence of **Polyhedral Surfaces**



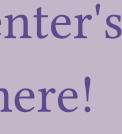


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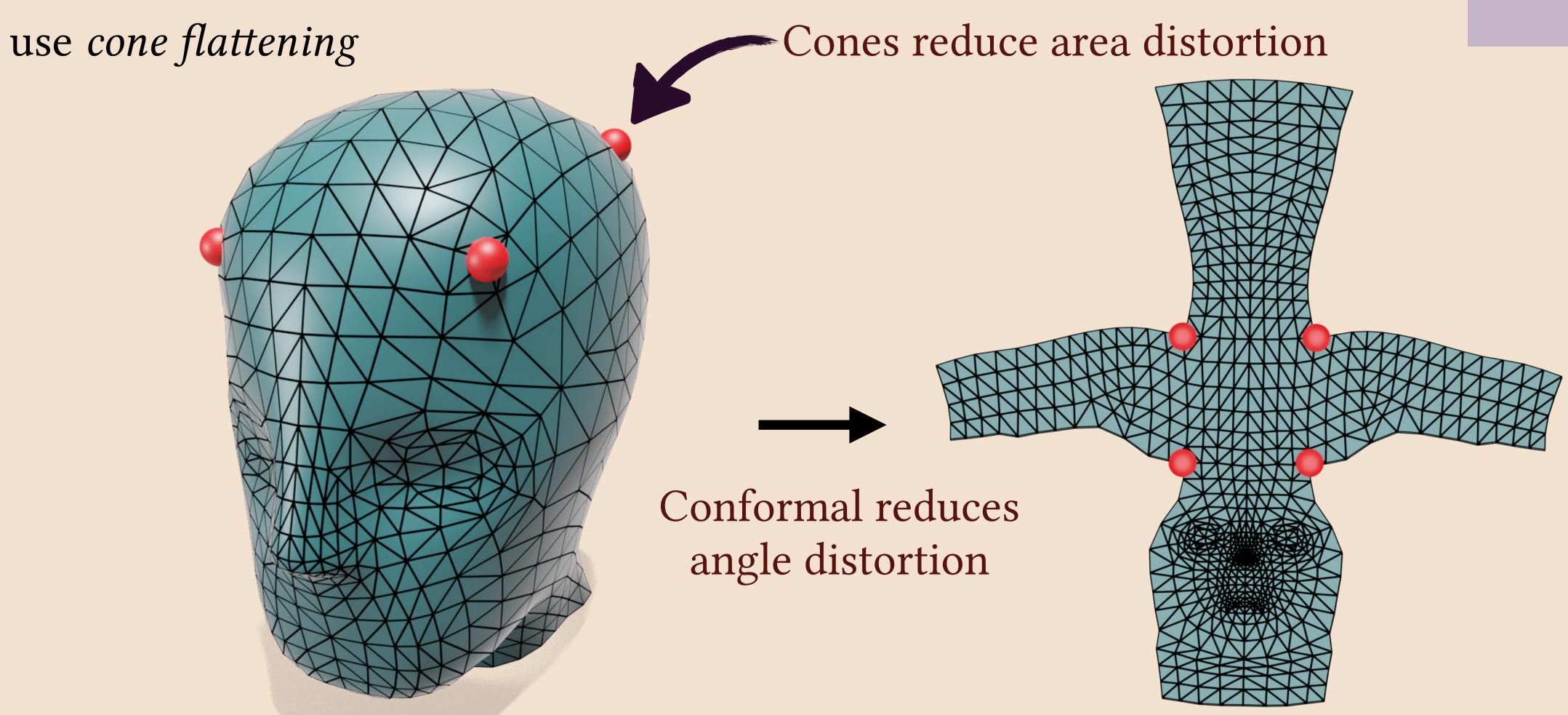
Keenan Crane

Boris Springborn





## Goal: high-quality surface parameterization



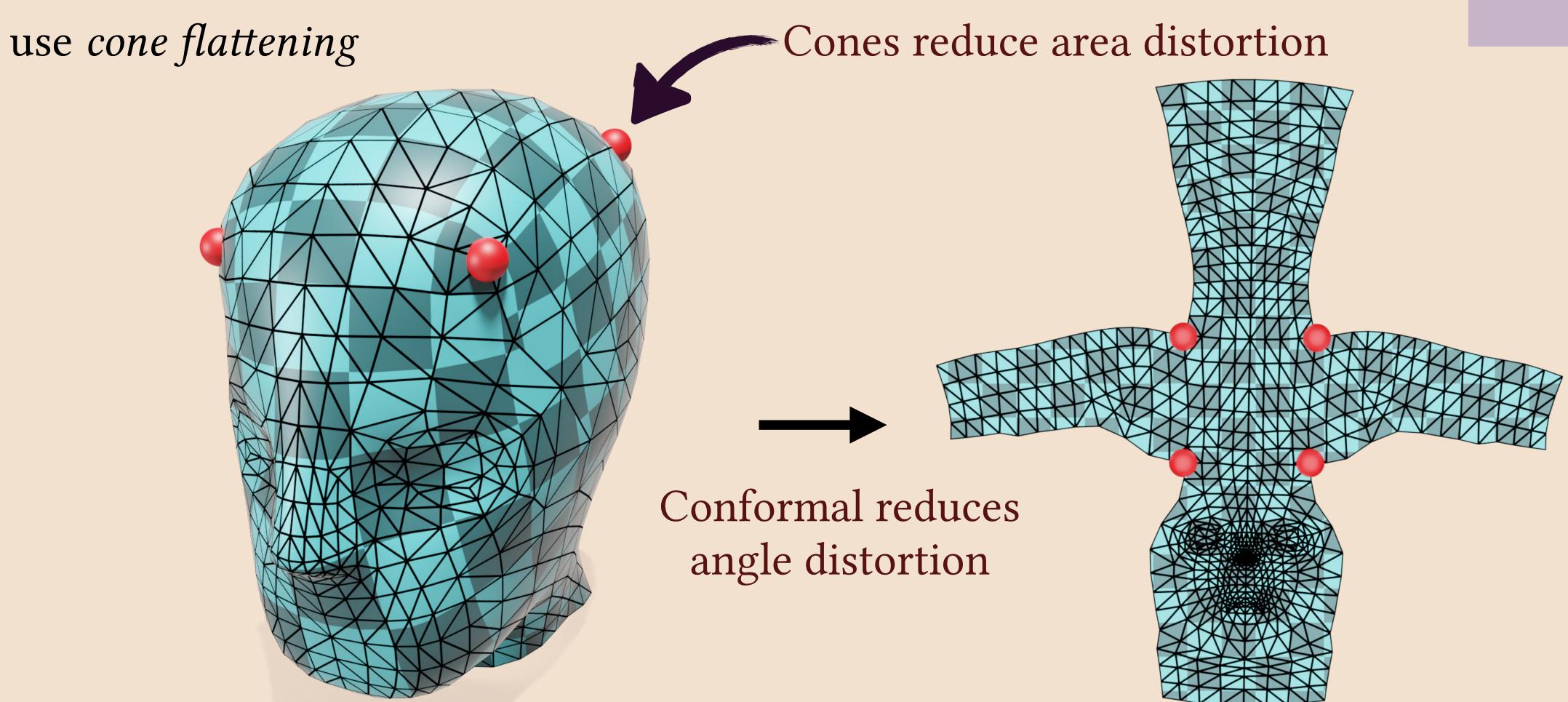
input mesh

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output parameterization



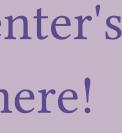
## Goal: high-quality surface parameterization



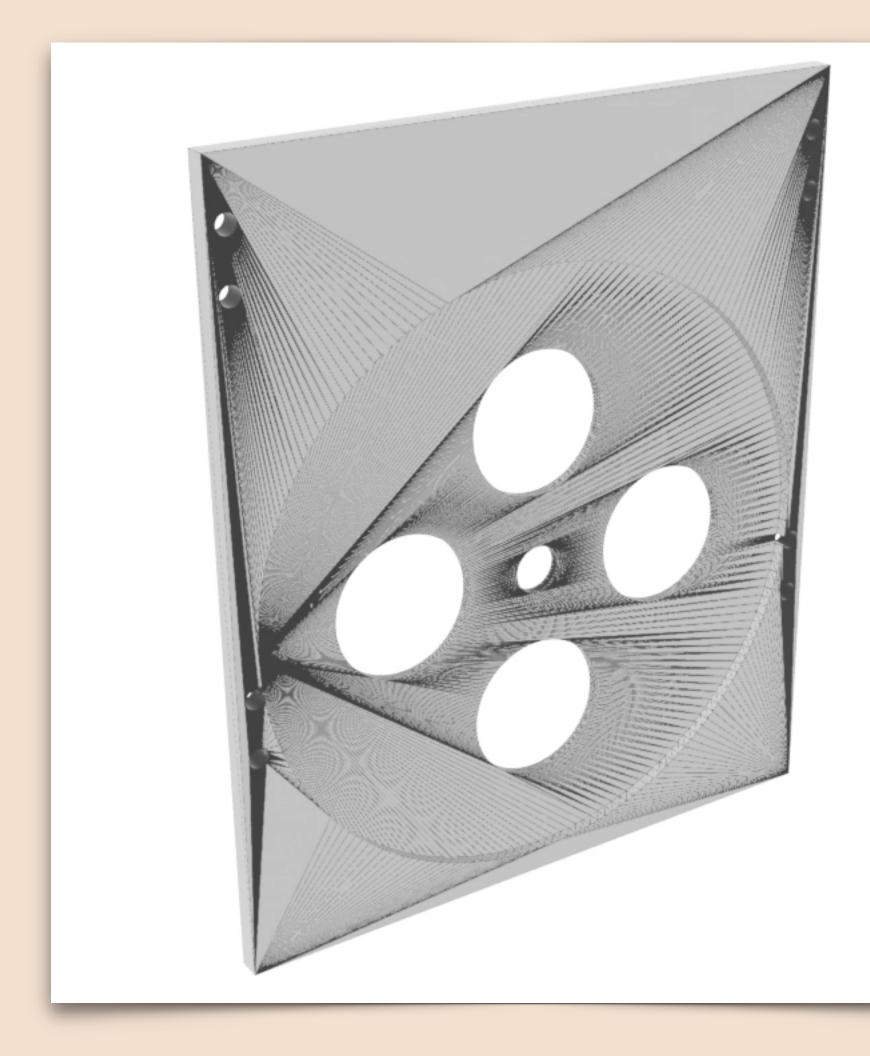
input mesh

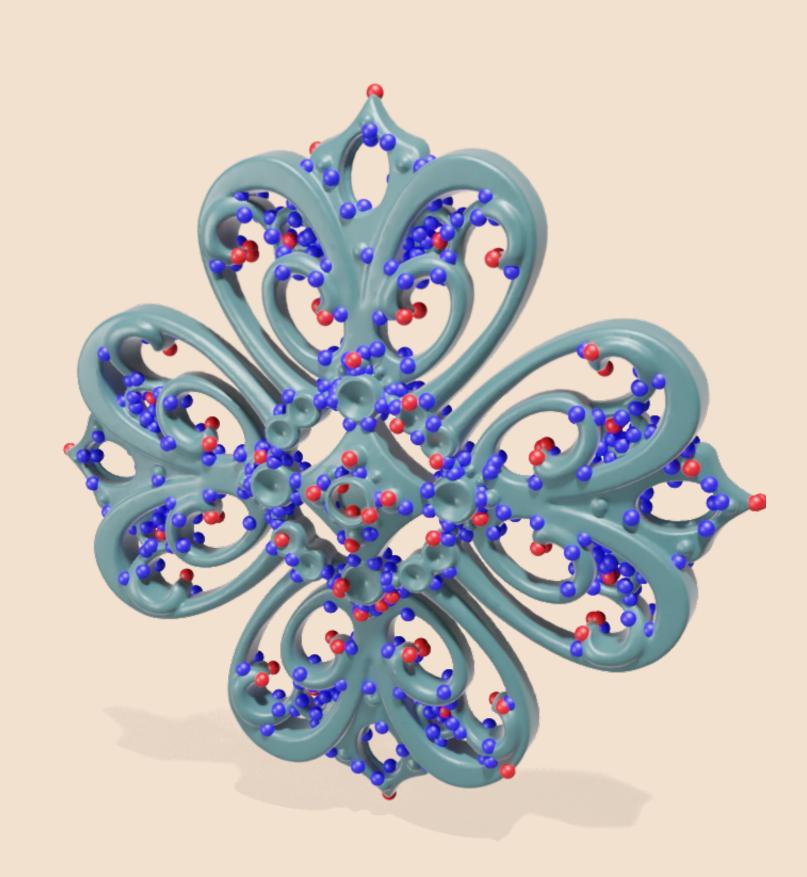
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output parameterization



## Why is this hard?

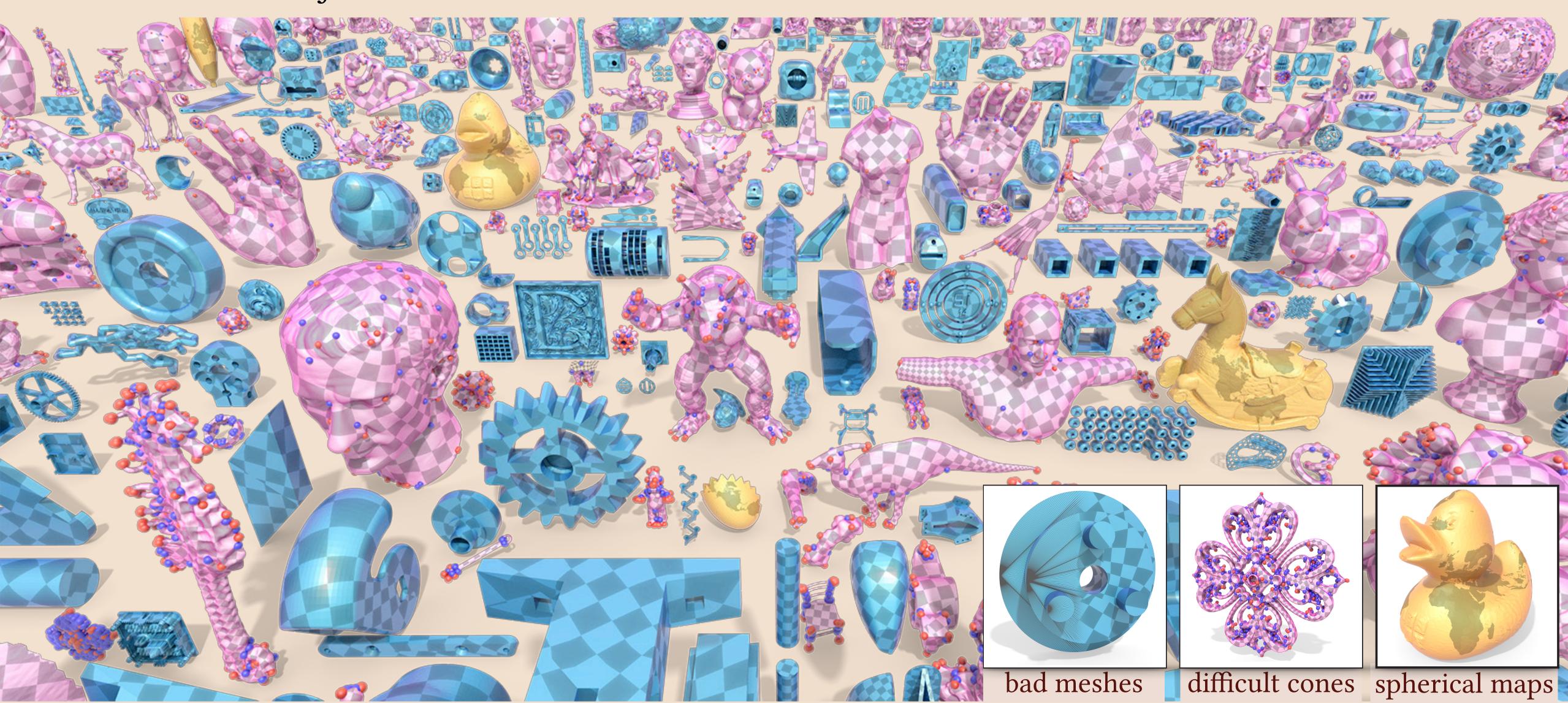






## Reliable surface parameterization

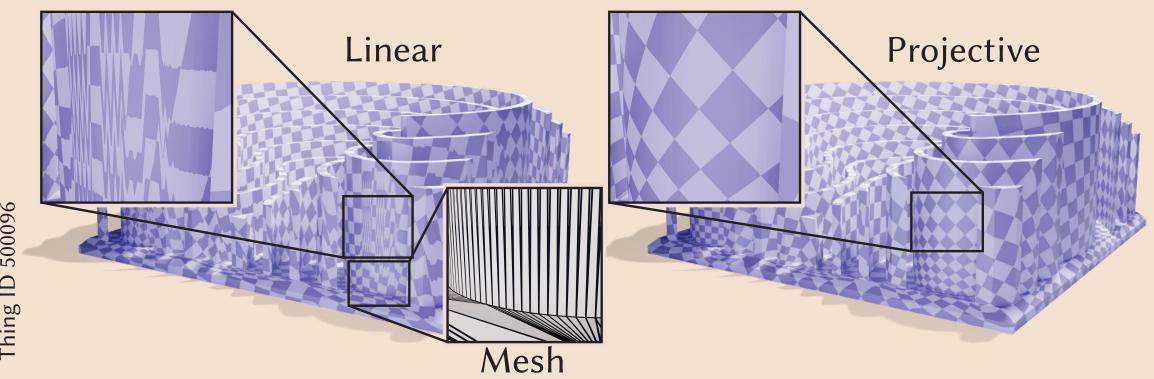
### via the discrete uniformization theorem



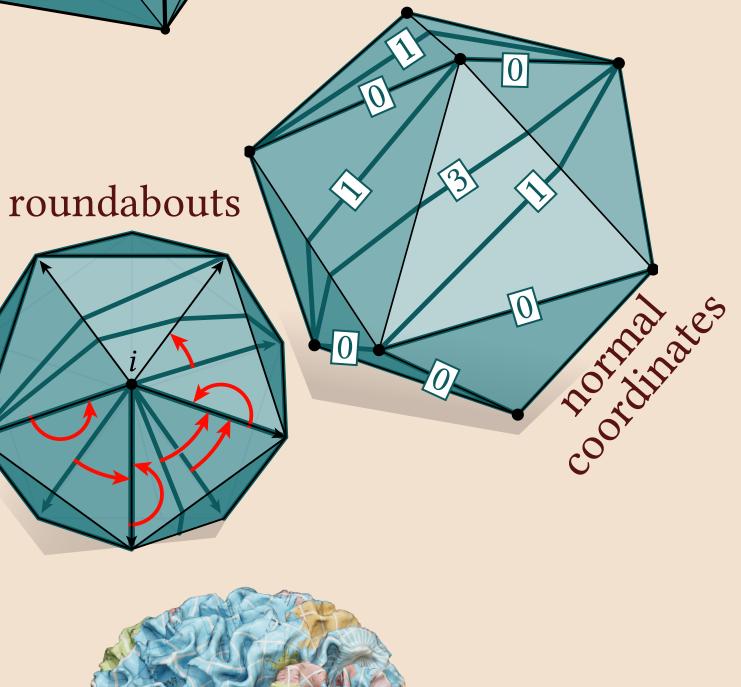


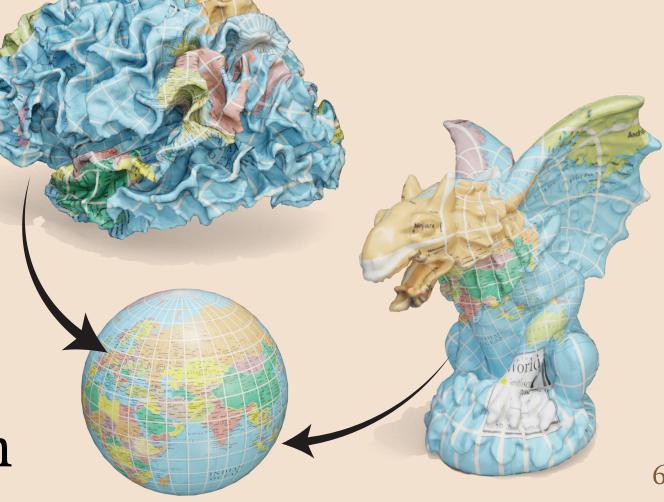
### Contributions

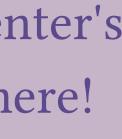
- Generalize CETM [Springborn+ 2008]
- Change mesh connectivity use Ptolemy flips
  - Ensures that we find a valid parameterization
- Correspondence —> normal coordinates & roundabouts
- Interpolation —— calculate in the hyperboloid model



- Spherical case (guaranteed)
  - Discrete conformal map to convex, sphere-inscribed polyhedron



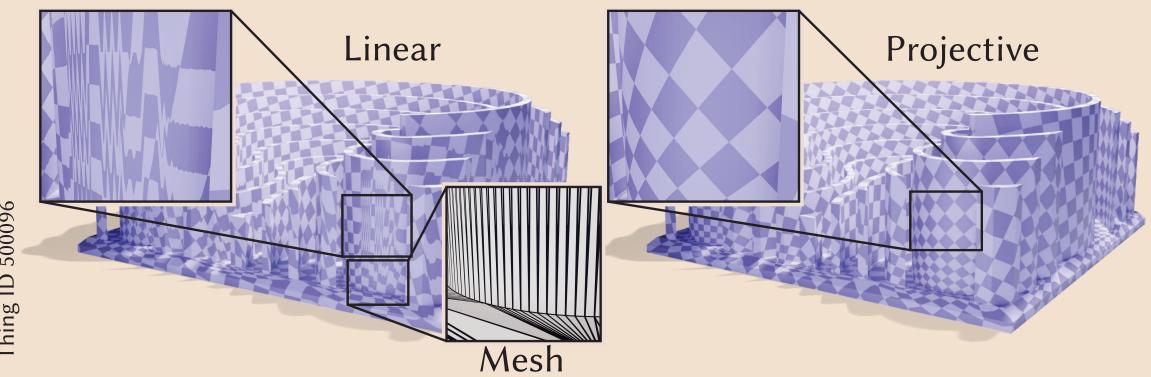






### Contributions

- Generalize CETM [Springborn+ 2008]
- Change mesh connectivity use Ptolemy flips
  - Ensures that we find a valid parameterization
- Correspondence —> normal coordinates & roundabouts
- Interpolation ——> calculate in the light cone

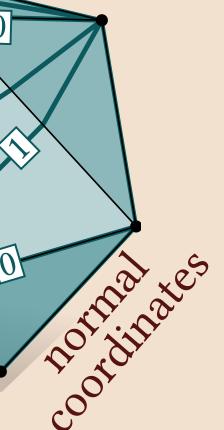


- Spherical case (guaranteed)
  - Discrete conformal map to convex, sphere-inscribed polyhedron

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## roundabouts







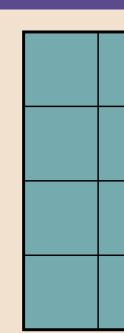
## **Discrete Conformal Parameterization** with Ptolemy flips



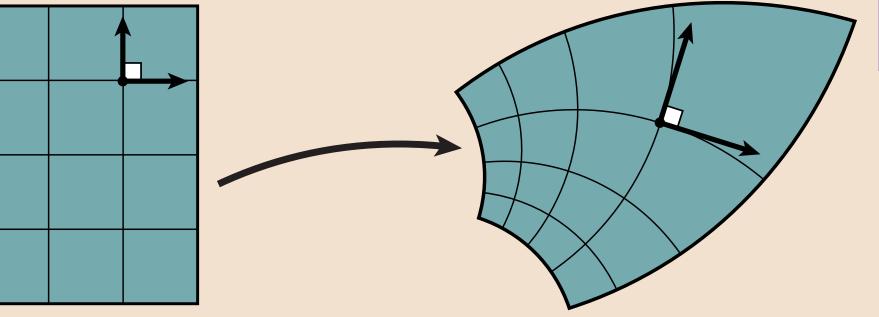


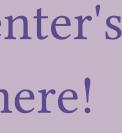
## What is a discrete conformal map?

• "Conformal maps preserve angles"



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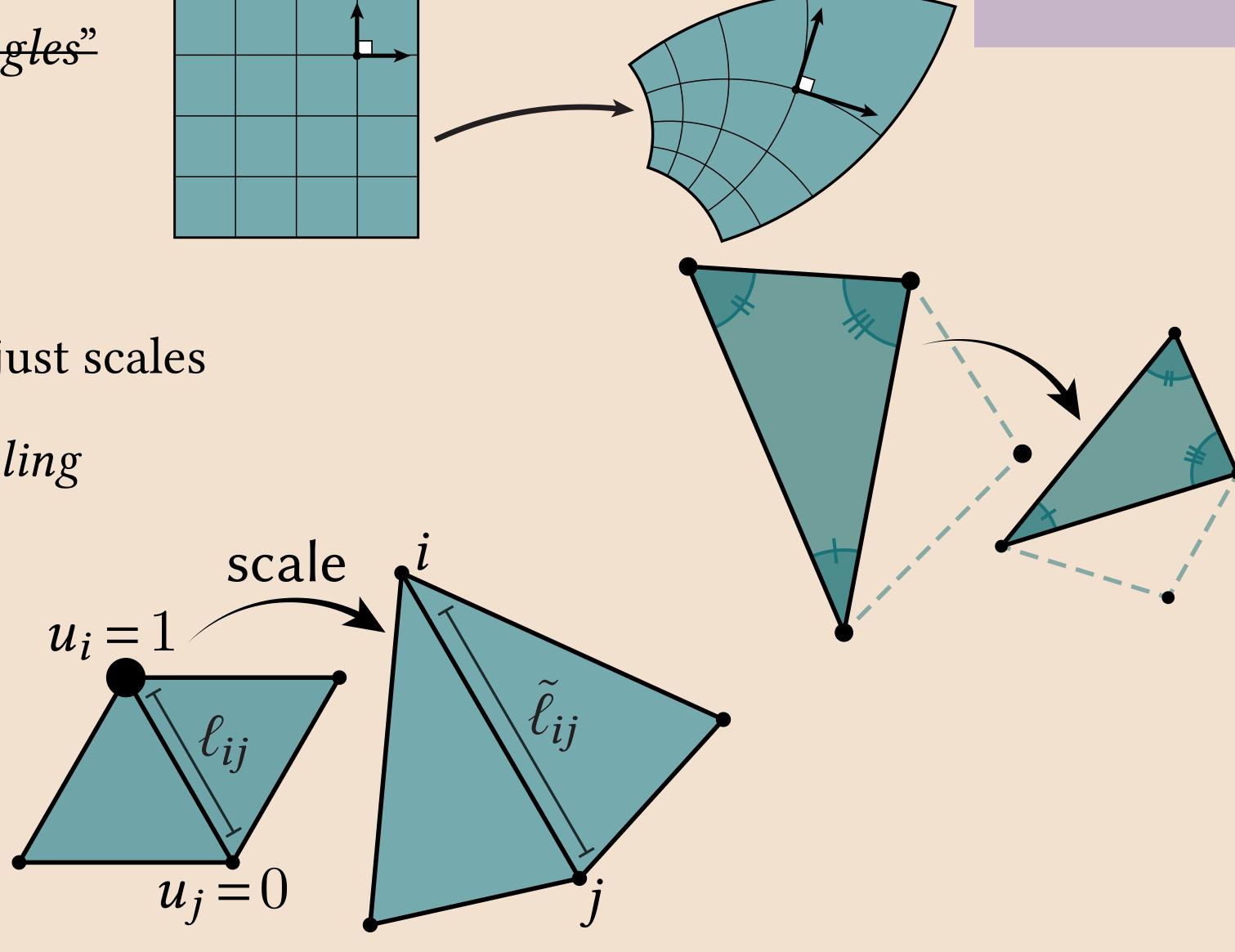
## What is a discrete conformal map?

- "Conformal maps preserve angles"
  - ► Too strict
- Metric scaling
  - Locally, a conformal map just scales
- Discrete analogue: vertex scaling

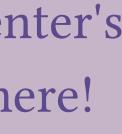
$$\blacktriangleright \ u: V \to \mathbb{R}$$

$$\bullet \ \tilde{\ell}_{ij} = e^{(u_i + u_j)/2} \ell_{ij}$$

 Just flexible enough [Bobenko+ 2011]



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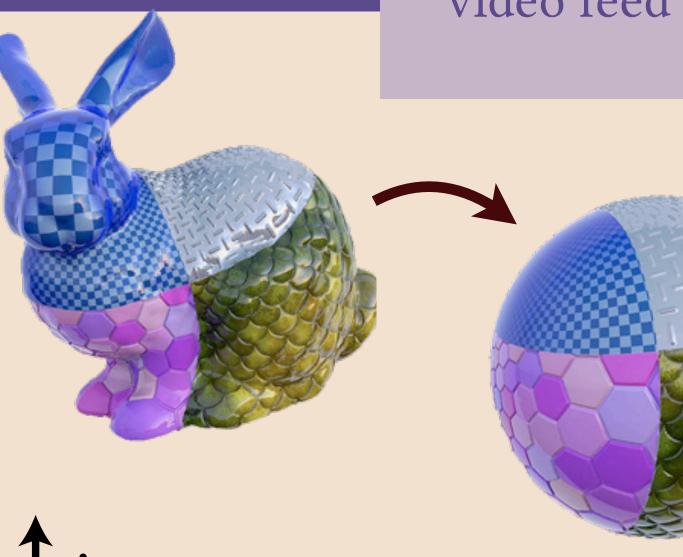


### Uniformization

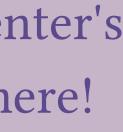
- Smooth uniformization [Poincaré 1907; Abikoff 1981]
  - Any surface can be conformally mapped to one of constant curvature
- Discrete uniformization [Gu+ 2018ab; Springborn 2019]
  - Any valid curvatures can be realized by some vertex scaling
  - ► [Luo 2004]: follow flow
  - Springborn+ 2008]: minimize energy
  - Main idea: find discrete conformal maps by minimizing a convex energy

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 $\mathcal{E}(u)$ 



U

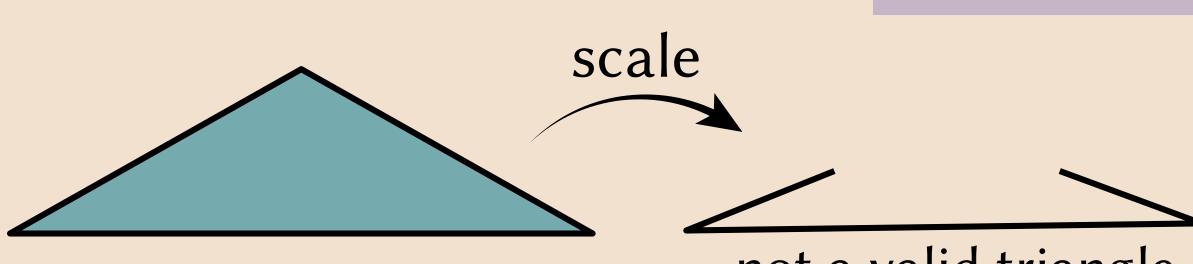




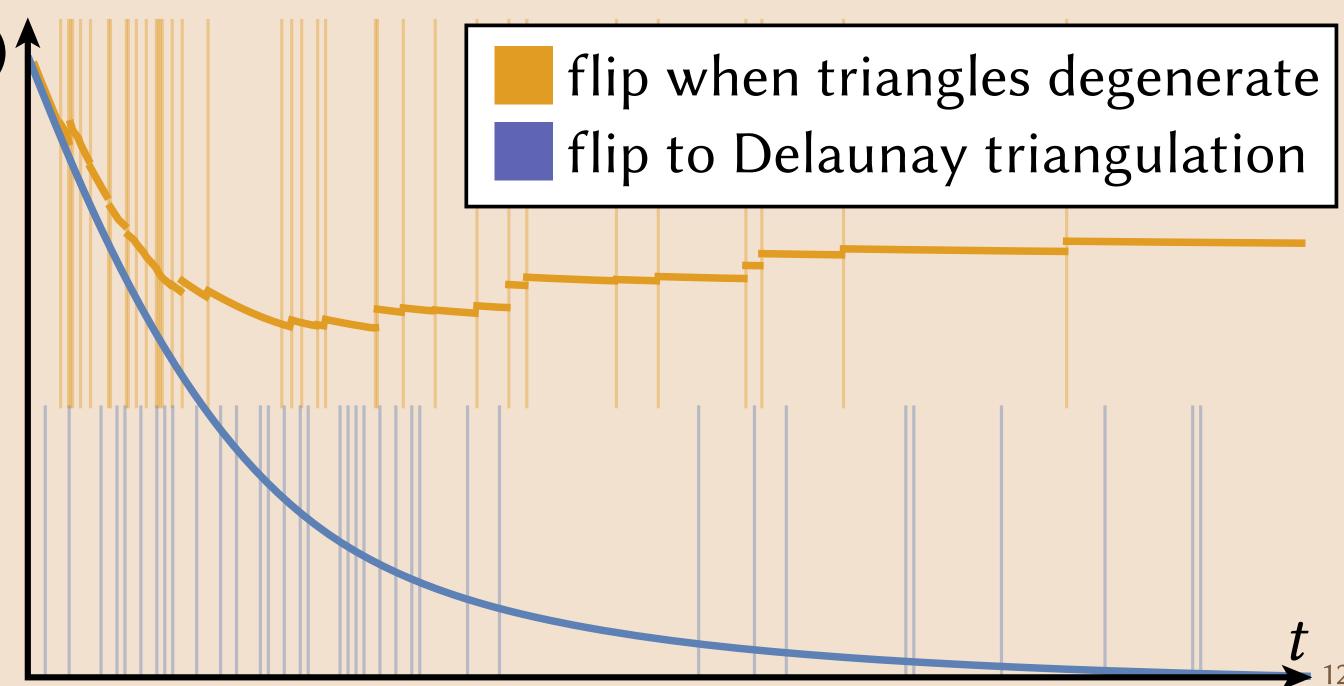


## Challenges with discrete uniformization

- **Big Problem:** Discrete uniformization doesn't always work on a fixed mesh because triangles can degenerate
- Idea: flip edges when triangles break
  - Problem: energy discontinuous  $\mathcal{E}(t)$ at flips (vertical lines)
- [Gu+ 2018a]: maintain Delaunay
  - Problem: stop to flip







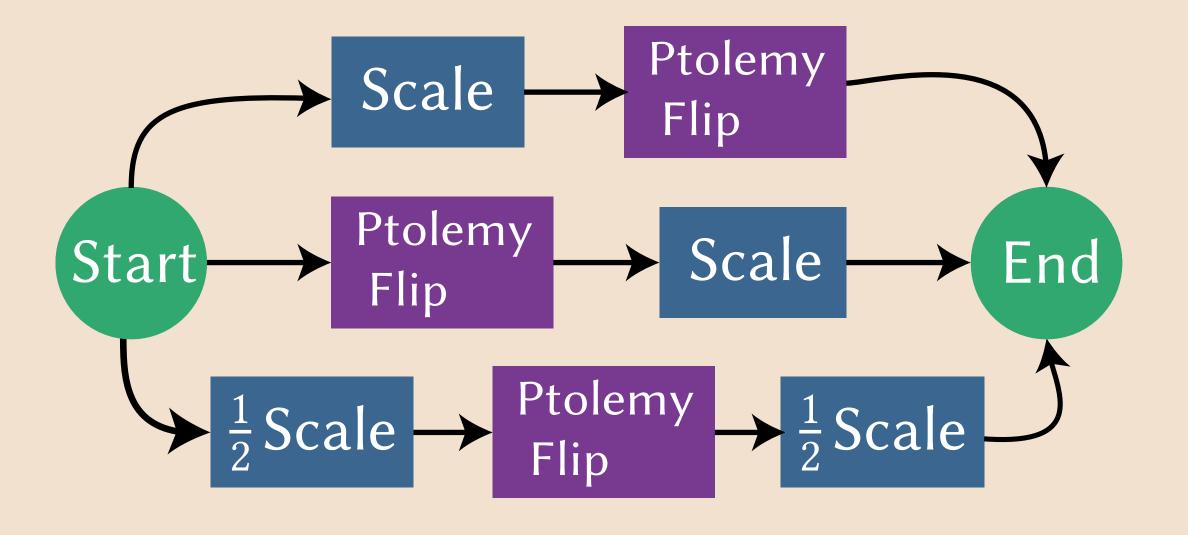


## Hyperbolic geometry to the rescue

- Reinterpret mesh as ideal polyhedron [Bobenko+ 2010]
- Compute flipped edge lengths via Ptolemy's formula

• 
$$\ell_{ij} := (\ell_{lj}\ell_{ki} + \ell_{il}\ell_{jk})/\ell_{lk}$$

- Well-defined for any positive edge lengths
- Decouples scaling and flipping [Springborn 2019]



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input mesh

### ideal hyperbolic polyhedron

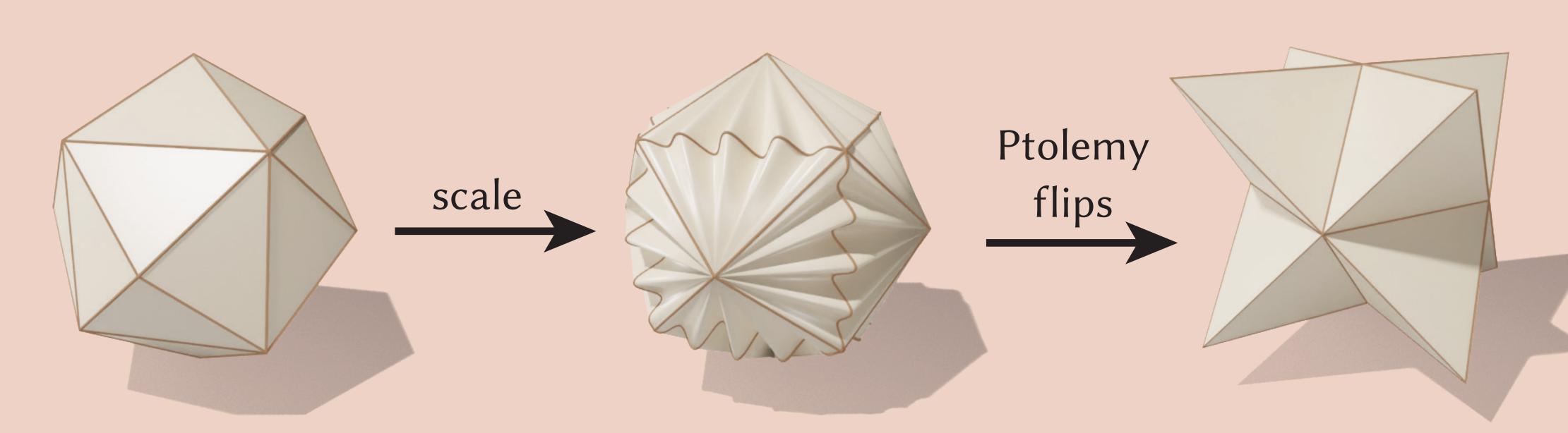




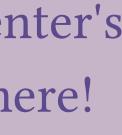


## Uniformization with Ptolemy Flips

### Now, all scale factors are valid



### Energy remains convex and $C^2$





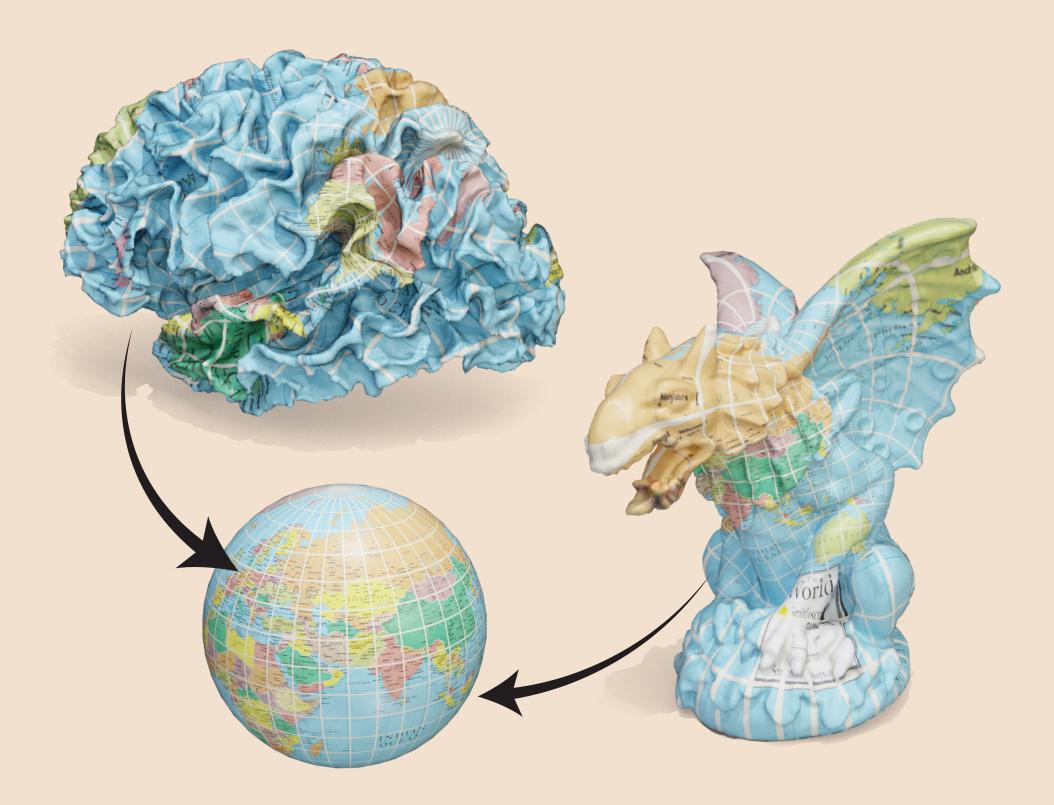
## Spherical Uniformization

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## a very brief overview

### Discrete spherical uniformization

- So far: cone flattenings
- Also: map genus-0 surfaces to sphere
  - Explicitly, convex polyhedron w/ vertices on unit sphere







## Discrete spherical uniformization

- Similar optimization problem to cone flattening
- Algorithm complicated by the fact that mesh connectivity may change
  - Use even more hyperbolic geometry! [Springborn 2019]



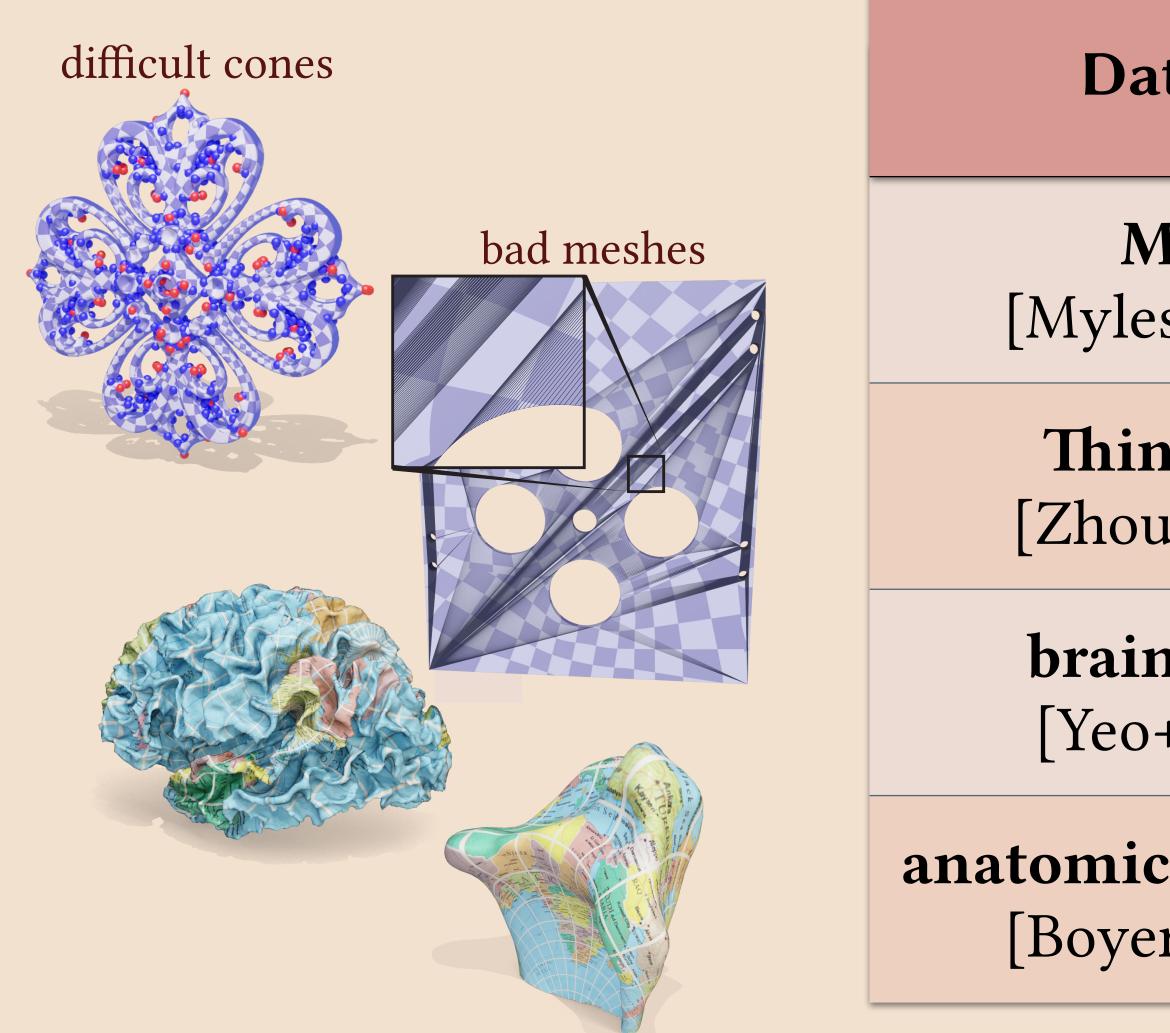




## Results

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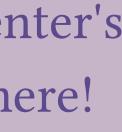
## Challenging datasets



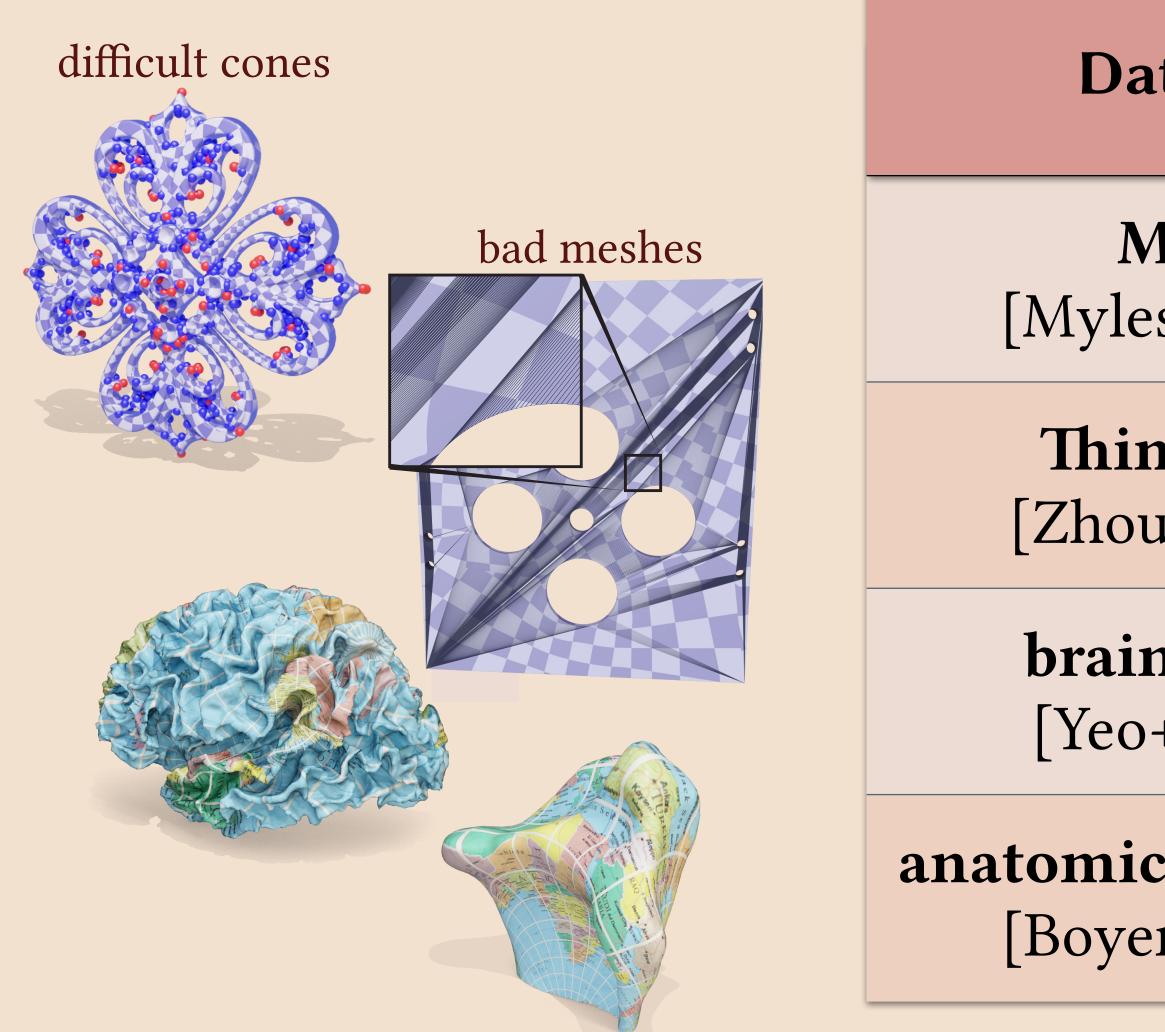
\* connected components of models from Thingi10k

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taset	# Models
<b>1PZ</b> s+ 2014]	114
<b>1gi10k</b> 1+ 2016]	32,744*
n scans + 2009]	78
<b>cal surfaces</b> r+ 2011]	187



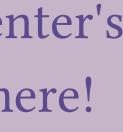
## Challenging datasets



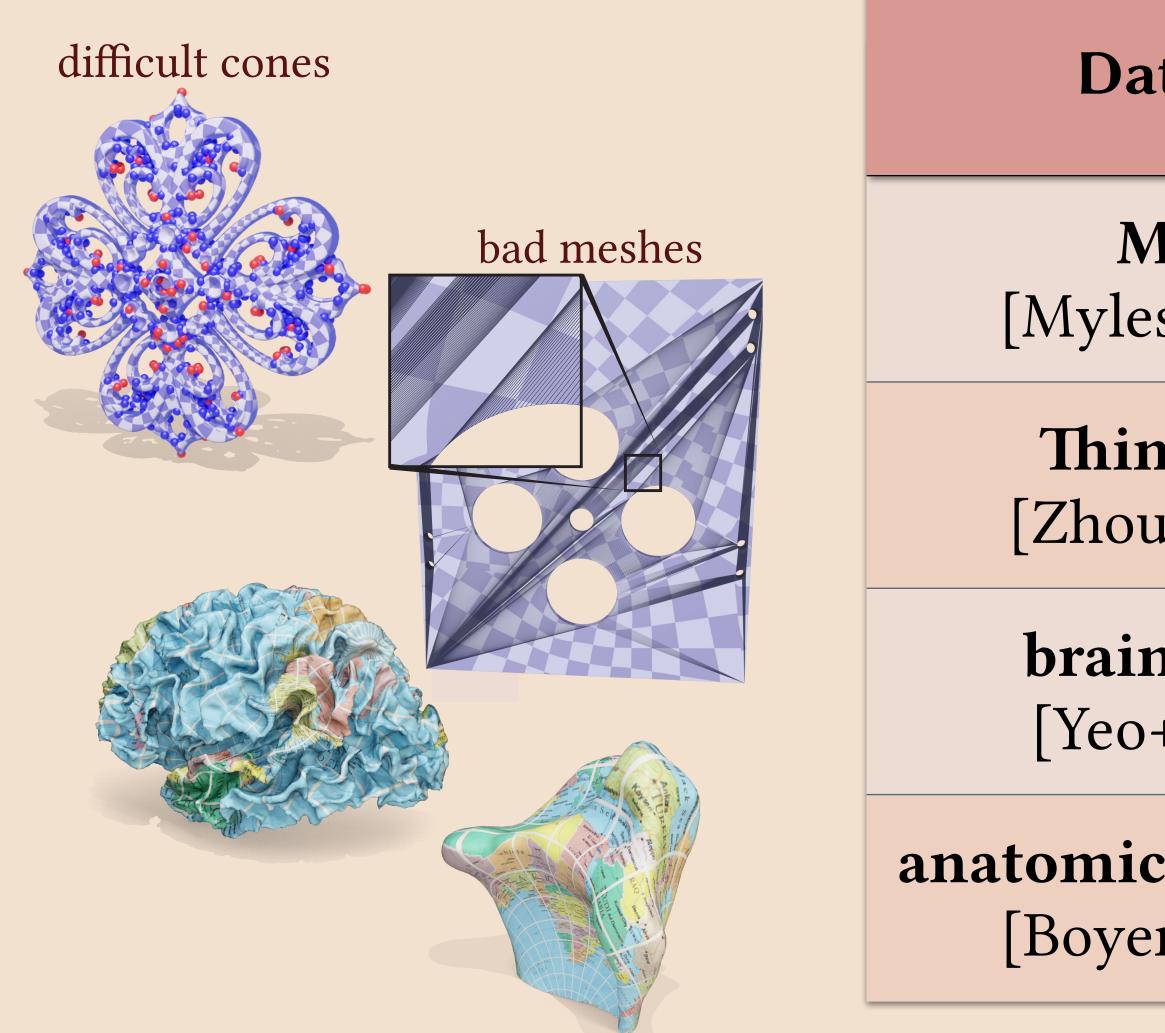
\* connected components of models from Thingi10k

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taset	# Models	Success rate	
/ <b>IPZ</b> es+ 2014]	114	100%	
ngi10k u+ 2016]	32,744*	97.7%	
n scans + 2009]	78	100%	
cal surfaces er+ 2011]	187	100%	



## Challenging datasets



\* connected components of models from Thingi10k

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ıtaset	# Models	Success rate	Average time
<b>APZ</b> es+ 2014]	114	100%	8s
n <b>gi10k</b> u+ 2016]	32,744*	97.7%	57s†
n scans + 2009]	78	100%	493s
<b>cal surfaces</b> er+ 2011]	187	100%	15s

\* † average time on models with > 1000 vertices <sup>21</sup>

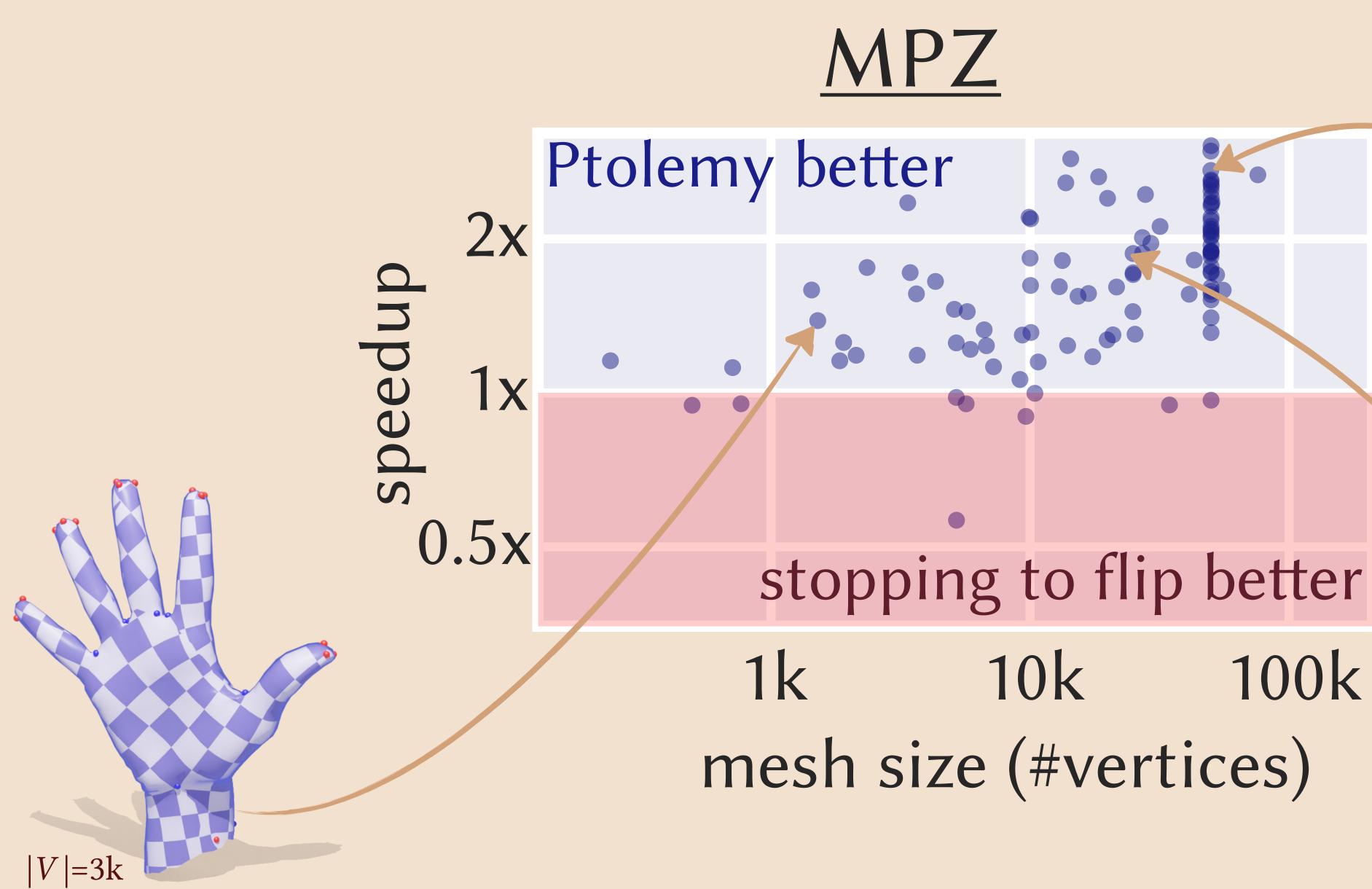


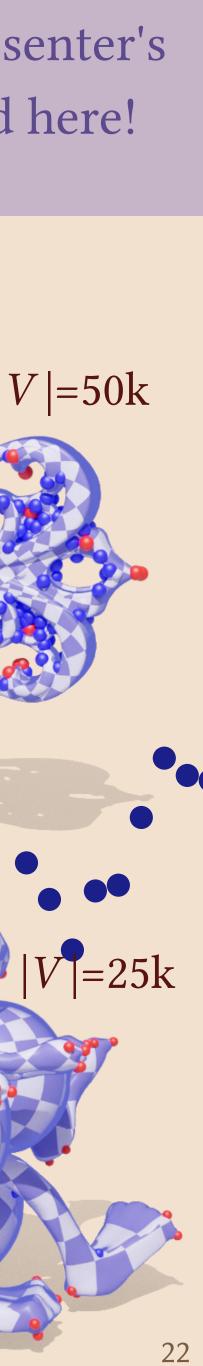






## Ptolemy flips improve performance

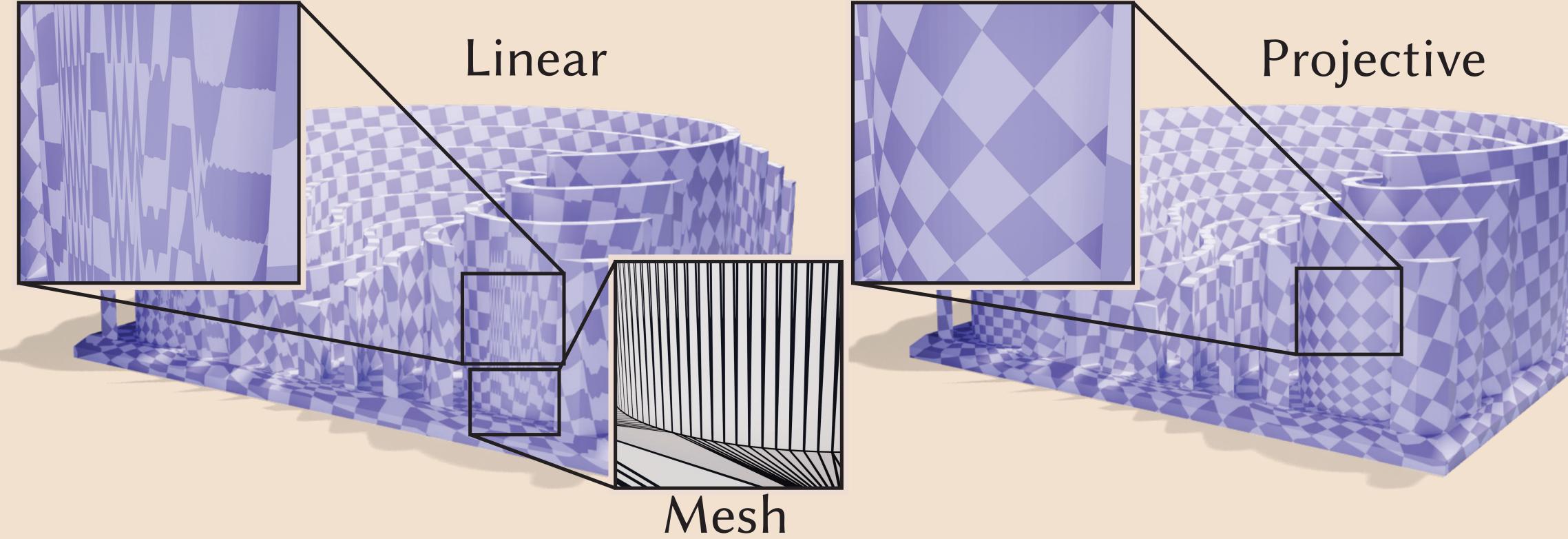




## Projective interpolation improves quality

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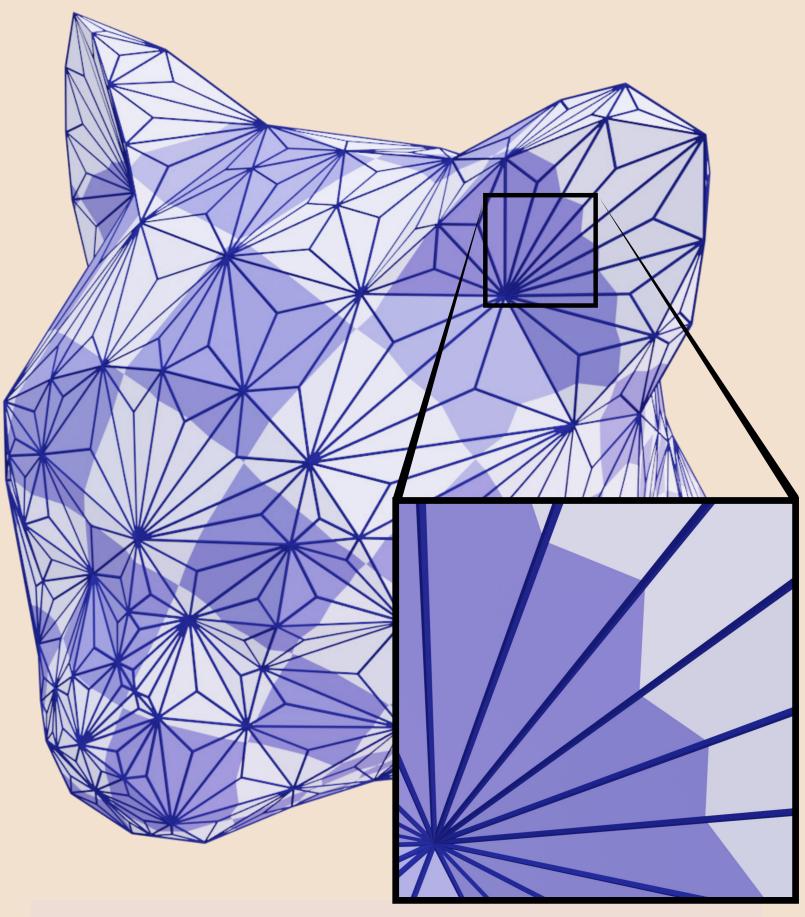
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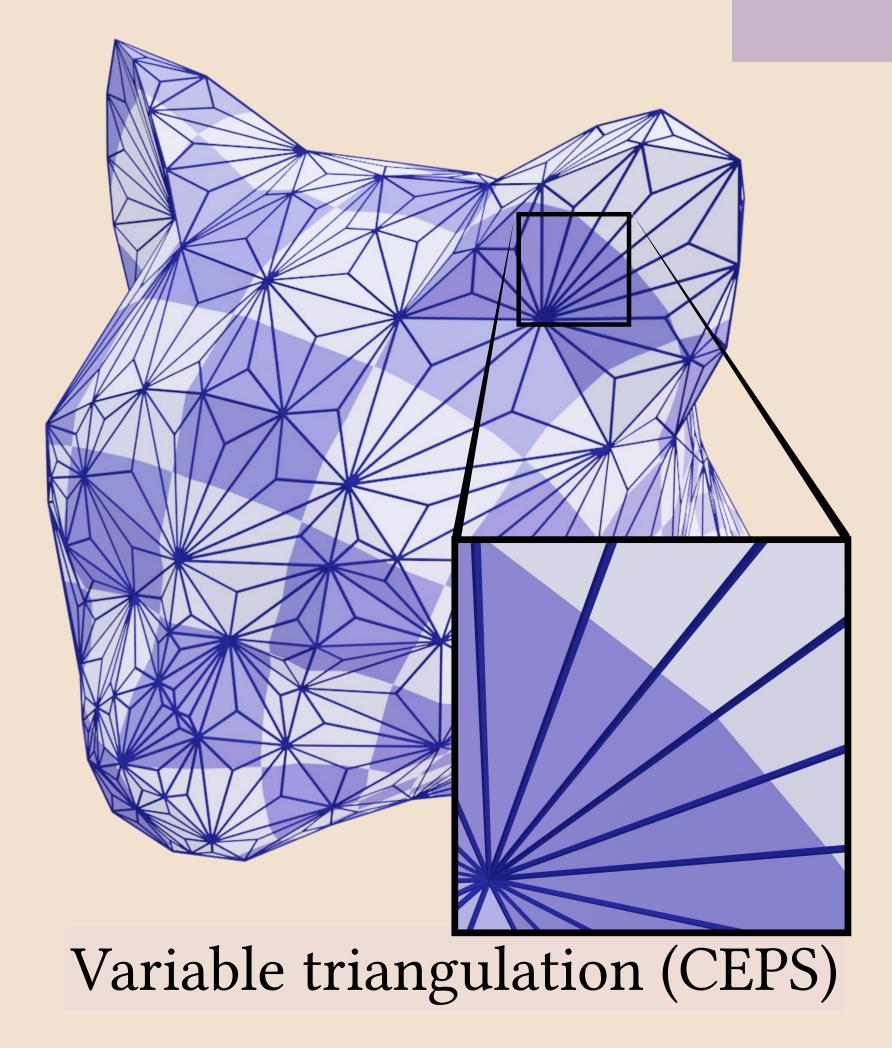


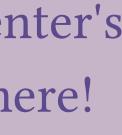
## Variable triangulation > fixed triangulation



Fixed triangulation (CETM)

Even when fixed triangulation succeeds, variable triangulation projective interpolation is smoother

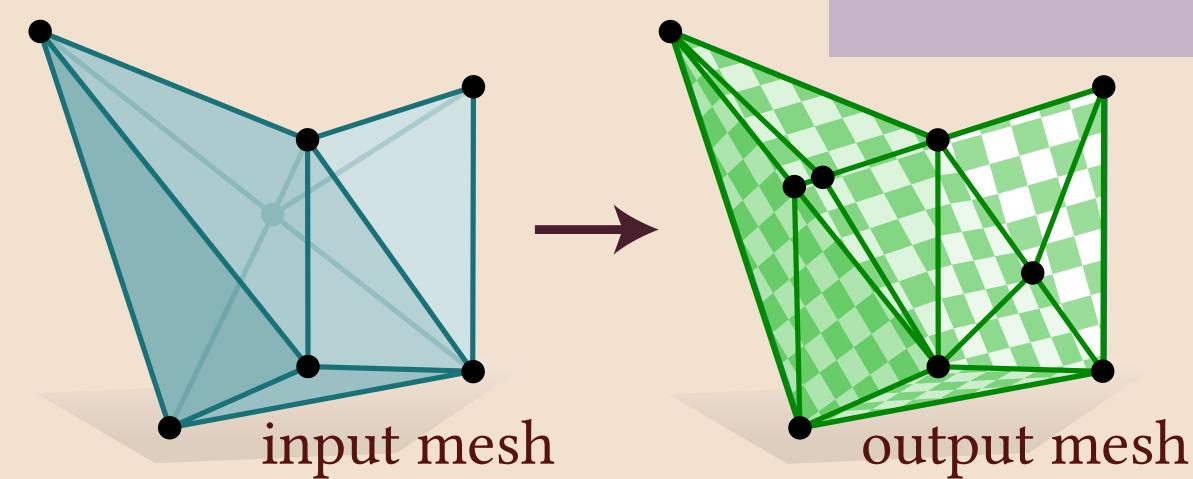




### Limitations and future work

- Output is refined mesh
  - Could you unflip all flipped edges?
- If all you care about is injectivity, correspondence is simpler
- Going beyond 2D
  - 2D uniformization theorem  $\rightarrow$  3D geometrization theorem
  - 2D Delaunay triangulations  $\rightarrow$  3D Delaunay tetrahedralizations











## Thanks!

## Code is available at github.com/MarkGillespie/CEPS

### Carnegie Nellon University

